

**Migrants
- who are they
and what are they doing here?**

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What will we talk about?

- ✓ **Why do people migrate?**
- ✓ **Migrants and refugees**
- ✓ **What rights do they have?**
- ✓ **Myths and facts about migration**
- ✓ **Integration - what it means**

Who are they?



Your turn:

- ▶ What do you know about migrants and refugees?

What is the difference?

Refugees

- ▶ Departure under pressure
- ▶ Insecurity, feeling of loss
- ▶ Difficult experiences on the way
- ▶ Lack of economic stability
- ▶ Unable to return

Migrants

- ▶ Departure as a choice
- ▶ Able to return
- ▶ Relations maintained with family and friends back home
- ▶ Diverse economic situation and stability.

Who is a refugee?

- U.N. definition (1951 Convention):
 - *A refugee is a person who “owing to a well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group, or political opinion, is outside the country of his nationality, and is unable to or, owing to such fear, is unwilling to avail himself of the protection of that country”*

Refugees/migrants - difference for states

Refugees

- ▶ States obliged to accept people seeking protection
- ▶ Review their asylum claim
- ▶ Grant protection to those in need
- ▶ Provide integration

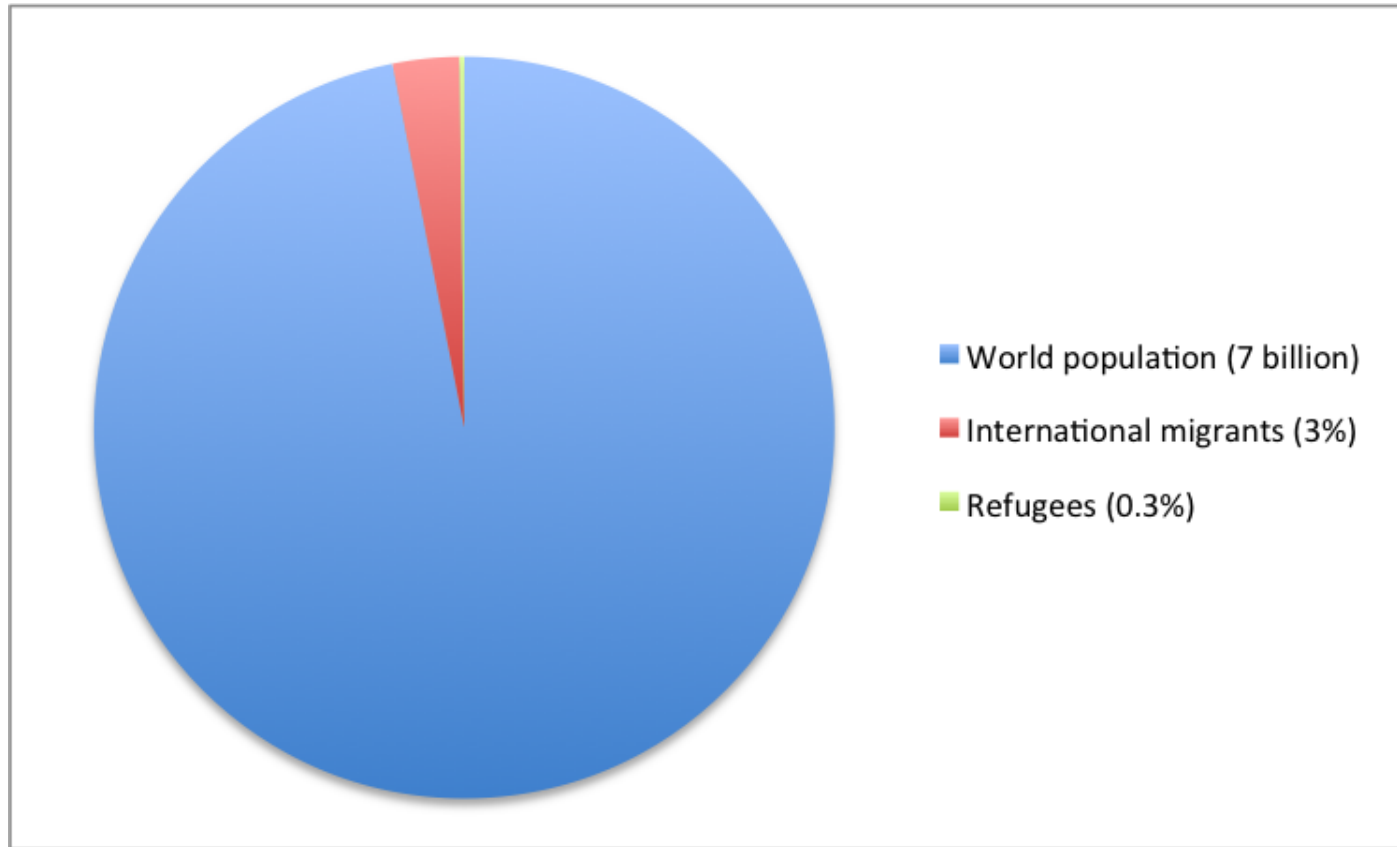
Migrants

- ▶ States define their own policies.
- ▶ Don't have to accept migrants.
- ▶ Shape policies in line with EU laws regarding treatment of migrants.
- ▶ VISA/permit regimes

It is legal to be a refugee.

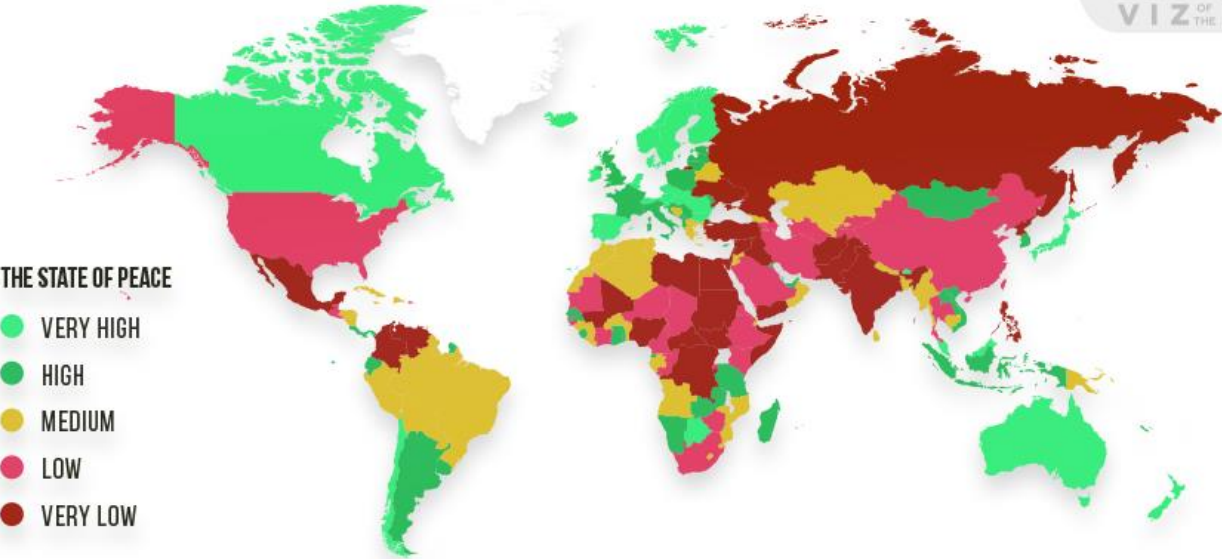
- ▶ Every refugee is a migrant. Not all migrants are refugees.
- ▶ It is legal to seek asylum.
- ▶ It is legal to seek asylum, even if you don't have a passport or a visa.
- ▶ Refugee status is not limited in time.
- ▶ It can be lost.

Numbers: migrants worldwide



Why do people migrate?

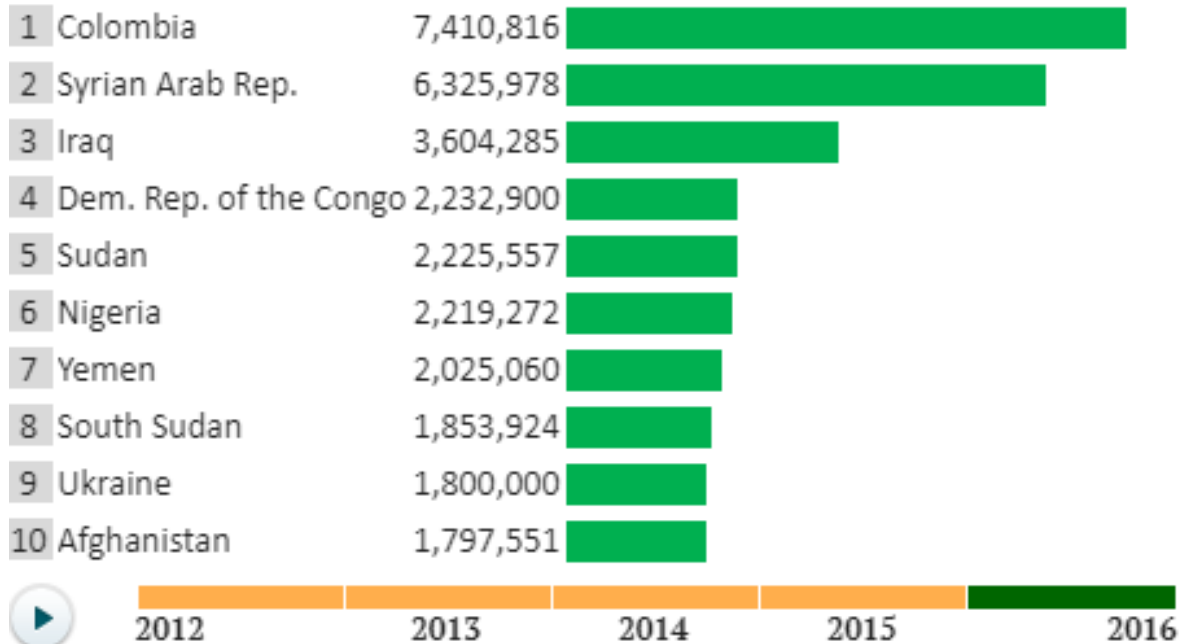
Global Peace Index 2017



Conflicts don't always bring international migration

Number of Internally Displaced Persons

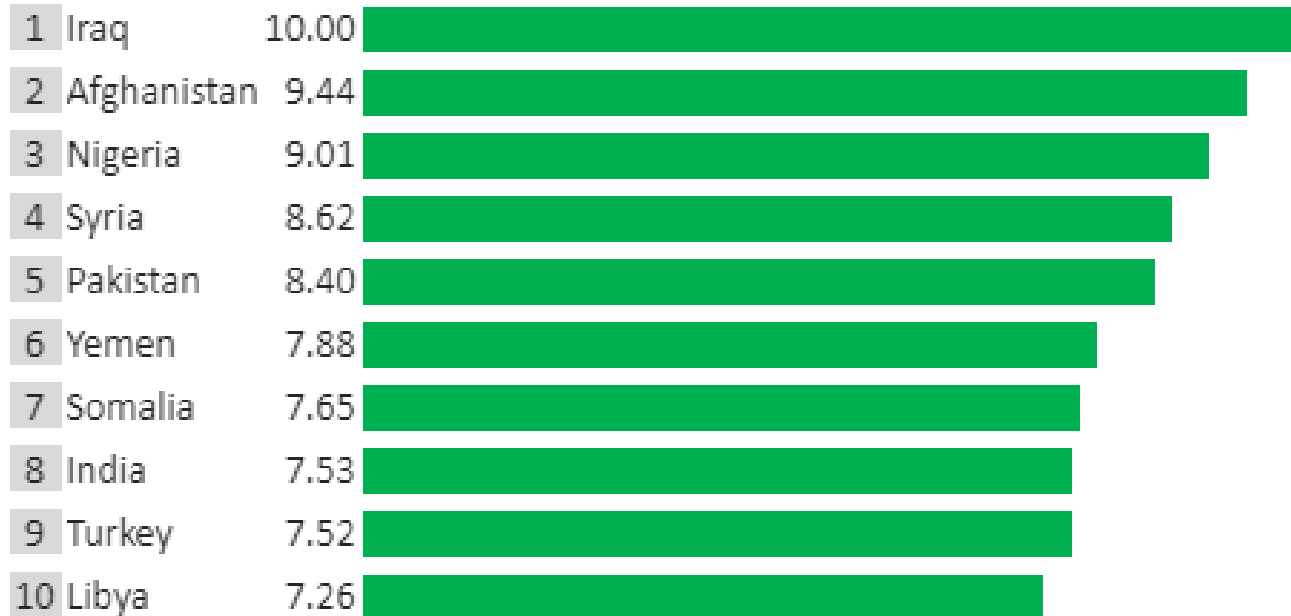
Top 10 countries



Terrorism: mainly reason, not result of migration

Global Terrorism Index

Top 10 countries (0 = No impact, 10 = High impact)



2014

2015

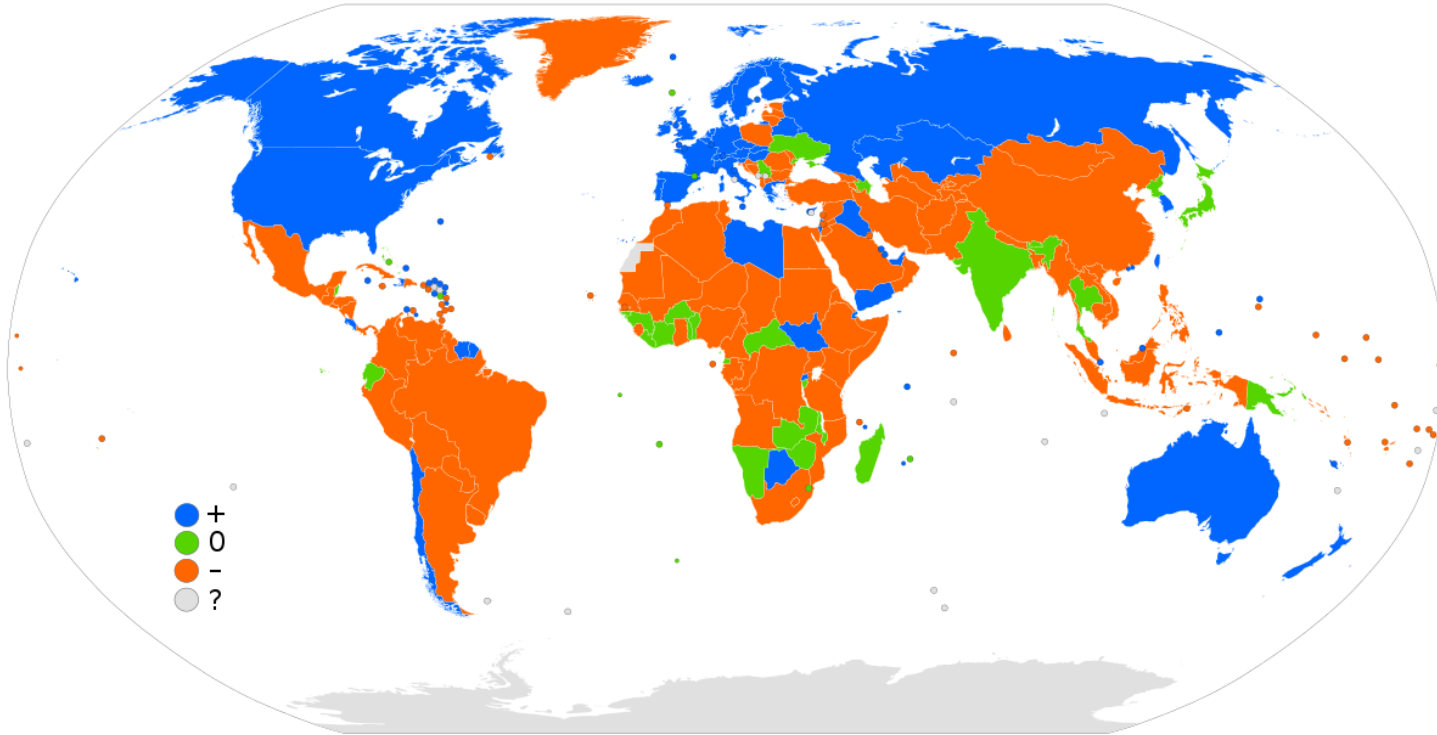
2016

2017

Why do people migrate?

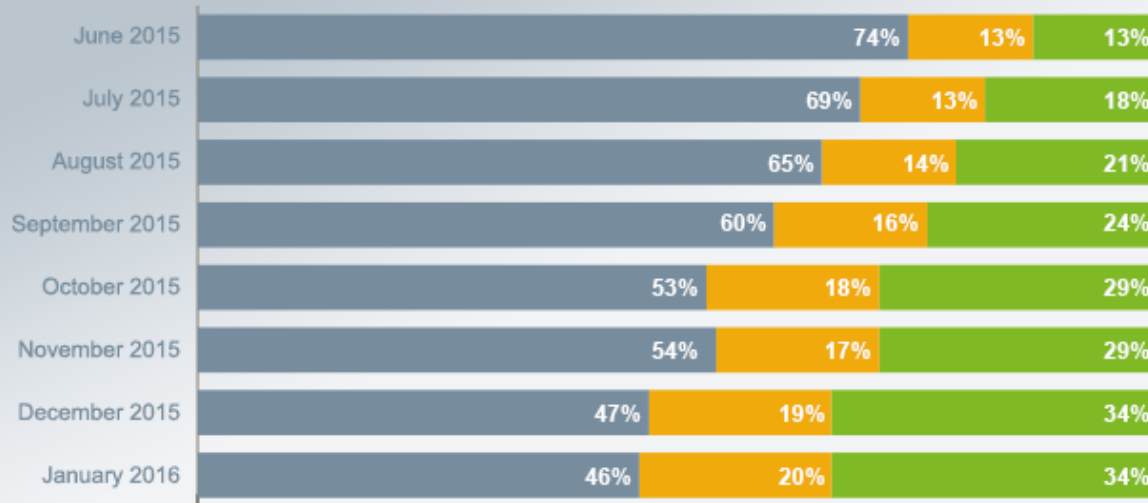
- ▶ Economic reasons
- ▶ Safety/wellbeing
- ▶ Poverty
- ▶ Quality of life
- ▶ Climate - related reasons
- ▶ Studies/education
- ▶ Personal growth
- ▶ Other job-related reasons
- ▶ Love/marriage/relationships
- ▶ Curiosity

Where from people migrate?



Not just men

Gender breakdown of refugee arrivals in Greece and Italy



Total Arrivals in 2015 - Greece: 856,723 Italy: 153,842
Total Arrivals in January 2016 - Greece: 67,415 Italy: 5,273

■ Men ■ Women ■ Children

Source: UNHCR (Based on government data)

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Poland 2017

- ▶ Over 300 persons received refugee status or other form of protection
 - ▶ More than 5000 applied for protection.
 - ▶ Around 40 % of asylum seekers are women.
 - ▶ Around 50 % are persons younger than 18.
-
- ▶ Currently
 - ▶ 170 000 persons has temporary stay
 - ▶ 71 000 - EU citizens registered
 - ▶ 61 000 - permanent stay
 - ▶ 12 000 - EU permanent residency

INTEGRATION

Integration - not easy,
but possible.



What is integration?

- ▶ Inclusion, getting diverse groups together
- ▶ Two-way process
- ▶ Requires commitment of both sides: newcomers and hosts
- ▶ A process that requires change in people.

- ▶ Each country develops its own integration policy. It defines, where in the society there is space for immigrants.
- ▶ In result, in practice, integration in every country means something else.

Elements/fields of integration



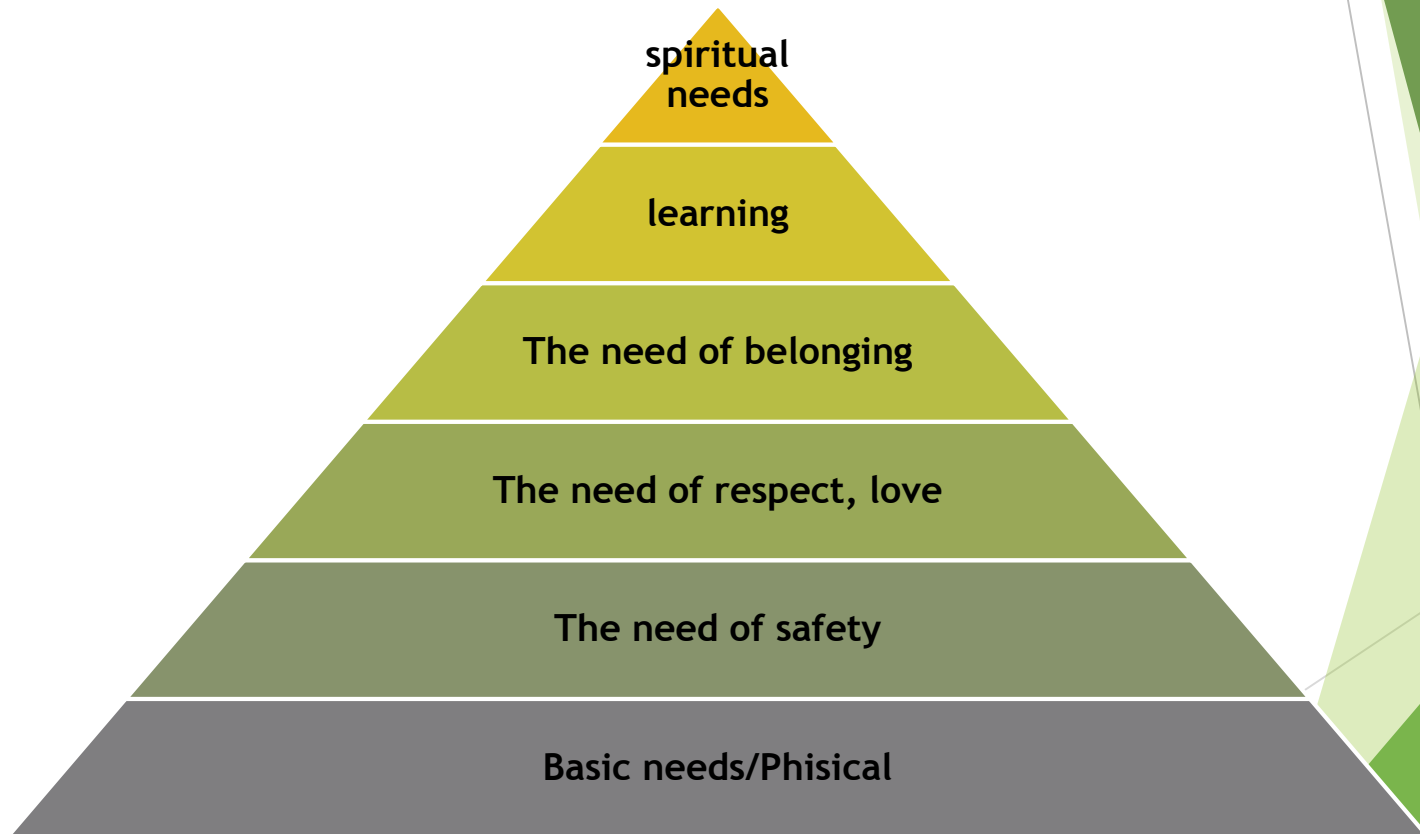
Main fields of integration

- ▶ Place to live
- ▶ Means/money/work
- ▶ language

- ▶ Human relations - links to the society

- ▶ The biggest challenge: developing a feeling of community between old and new inhabitants.
- ▶ So: VALUES

First: Safety and belonging



Introducing migrants to the society - so, where?

- ▶ Throughout?
- ▶ Low-paid jobs?
- ▶ Certain sectors? (care over the elderly?)

Introducing - how?

- ▶ Education?
- ▶ Induction programs?
- ▶ Special courses?
- ▶ Language obligatory?
- ▶ Citizenship courses?
- ▶ Labour market?

multi - kulti?

► Unification



Common ground,
ignoring differences

But
They are.
Identity problems, ghettos,
isolation of groups

► Diversity



Celebrating diversity,
mosaic of cultures

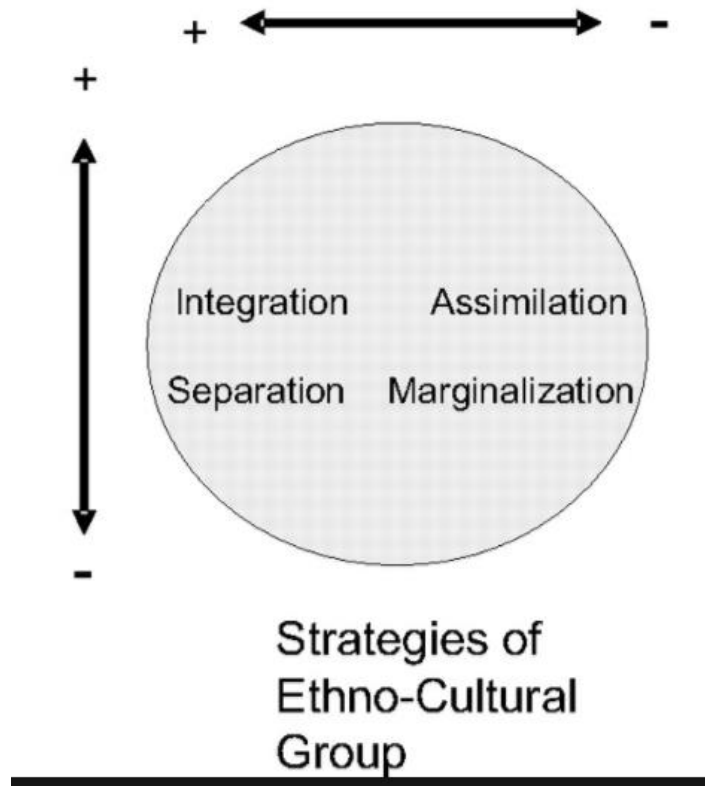
but
Local community fears
losing values. Values
become questionable

GOLDEN RULES

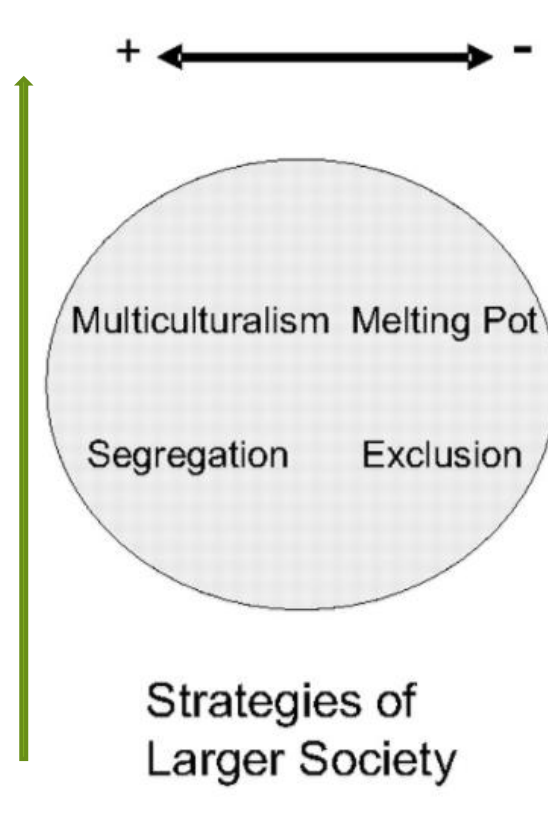
- ▶ To provide feeling of **safety** to all: hosts and newcomers.
- ▶ **Justice** - create a system where peoples' rights are respected and just.
- ▶ **Respect** for dignity of both sides
- ▶ **Inclusive policy**, that really gives people equal chances
- ▶ Policy of **dialogue**
- ▶ Clear **rules**

(my own list of principles of a good integration policy)

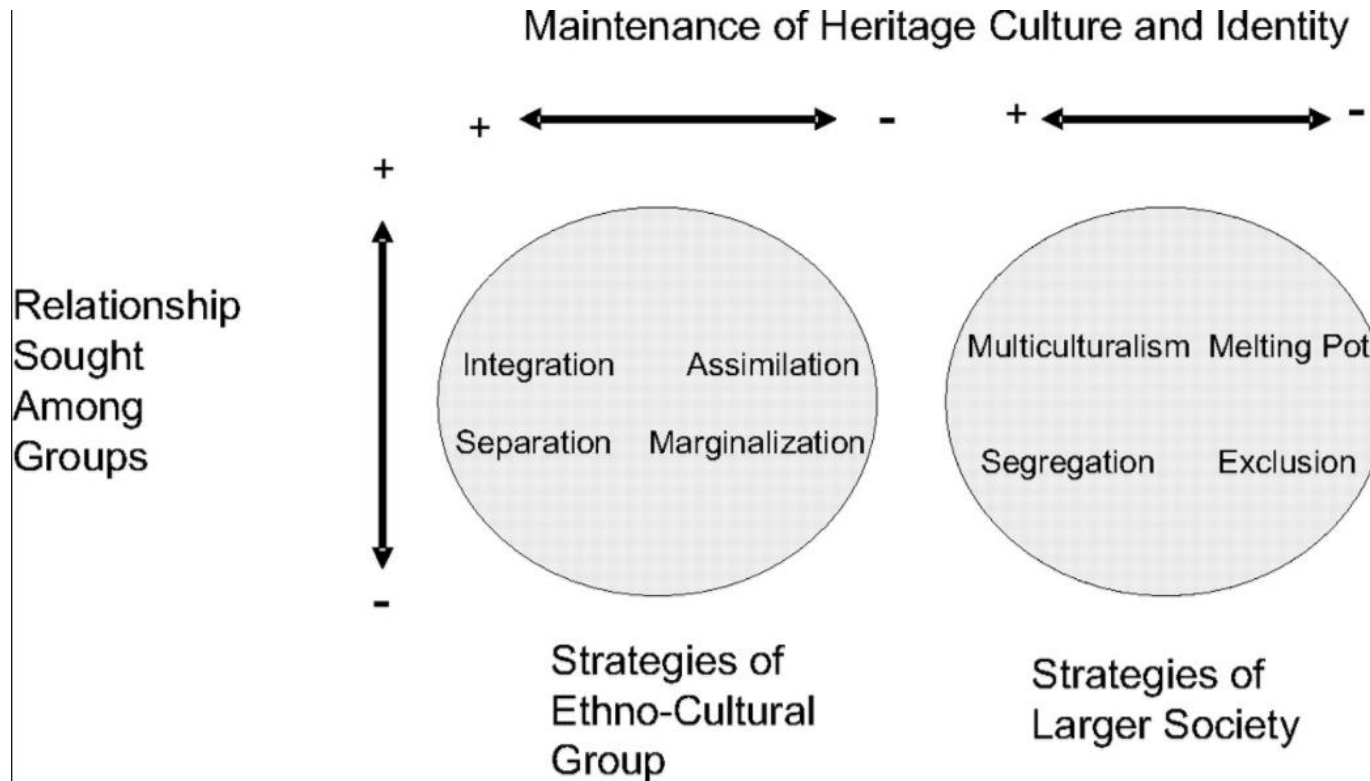
People's strategies



Strategies - host societies



And when they colide...



Kontakt



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